





Important points



- Independence
- Parent helpers: Maths groups, Reading support
 - Can you help for an hour once a week?
- Crunch n Sip, recess and lunch



Important points





Invoices



Holidays X



Classroom needs



The children will need at school:

- A small pencil case with lead pencils, a small pair of scissors, a glue stick, a sharpener and a set of coloured pencils.
- They may have a set of textas and glue for Art with Mrs Tomazos.
- They will need a set of headphones for iPad and computer use. Please no
 iPhone earbuds.
- They should have a paint shirt or apron and a spare set of clothes that will be kept at school. Please label these.
- In their bag they should have a raincoat.
- Please supply a box of tissues and hand sanitiser for classroom use. Thank you.

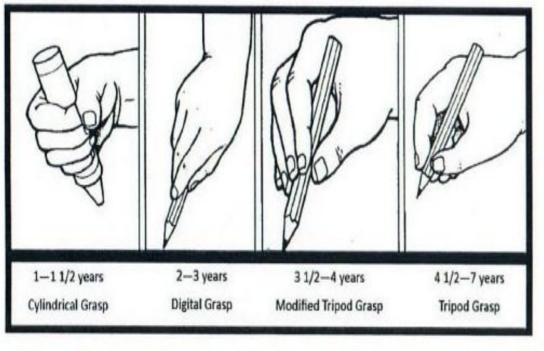


Pencil grip

http://nellieedge.com/kindergarten-friendly-handwriting/

Developing Small Motor Skills and an Efficient Pencil Grip Are Important Parts of Learning How to Write—and Enjoying the Process!

Dear Parents,



Good handwriting matters, beginning with a good pencil grasp!

If handwriting motions are not efficient, it interferes with the whole process.

As your child develops a better pencil grasp, the writing process becomes easier.

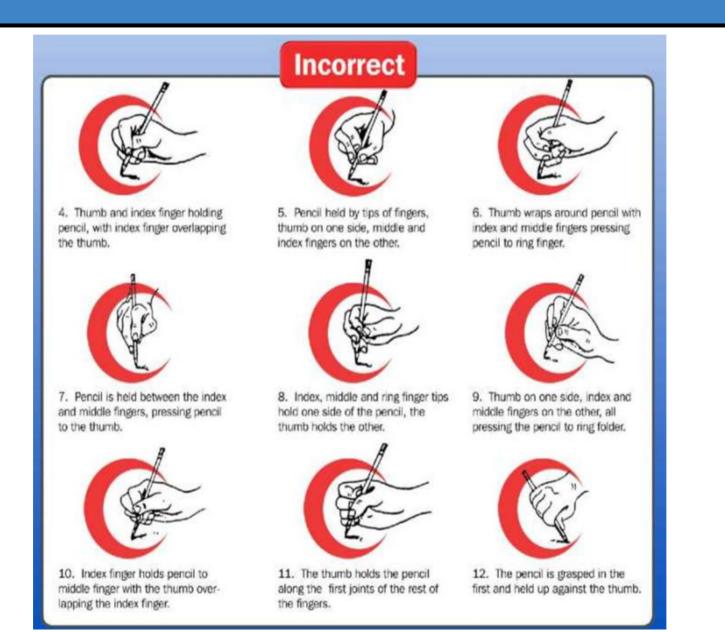
(This drawing shows typical progression of preschool development of pencil grasp. We were not able to locate its source.)

Pencil grip

http://nellieedge.com/kindergarten-friendly-handwriting/

PS





Pencil grip

http://nellieedge.com/kindergarten-friendly-handwriting/

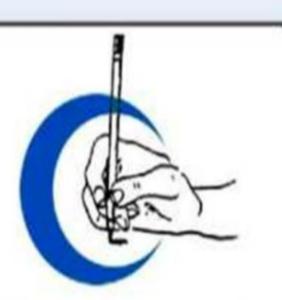
Correct





PS

 The pencil rests on the first joint of the middle finger with the thumb and index fingers holding the pencil in place. 2. Same as Figure 1, except the fingers are closer to the pencil point.



 Same as Figure 1, except the pencil is held perpendicular to the table.



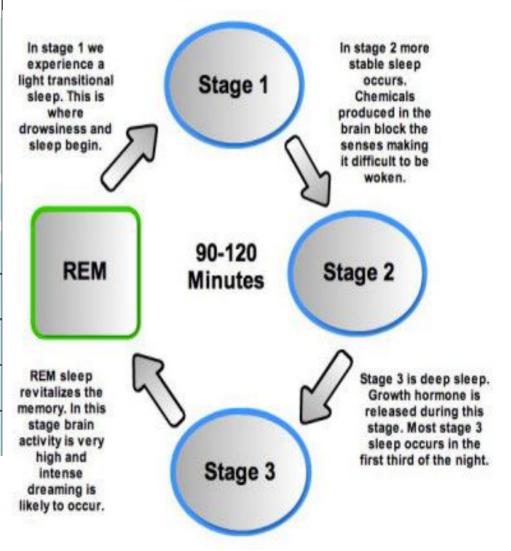
Sleep



how much sleep is enough for your child?

Some kids may be wired to operate on a little less sleep than others, but the National Sleep Foundation suggests these guidelines:

WHEN KIDS ARE	THEY NEED
up to 2 months	10.5 to 18 hours
3 to 12 months	9.5 to 14 hours
1 to 3 years	12 to 14 hours
3 to 5 years	11 to 13 hours
5 to 12 years	10 to 11 hours





Screen time



Your child's age	Recommended screen time
Under 2 years	Zero. Babies and toddlers should not watch any television or other electronic media (DVDs, computers and electronic games).
2 to 5 years	Less than one hour per day. Limit their time sitting and watching TV or using other electronic media to less than one hour per day.
5 to 17 years *These guide purposes.	Less than two hours per day. Limit their use of electronic media for entertainment (i.e. TV, computers and seated electronic games) to no more than two hours per day. Elines are for entertainment purposes only and do not include screen time for educational

Spending excessive amounts of time online can have significant impacts on child's health, family and social life and on their academic performance at school.

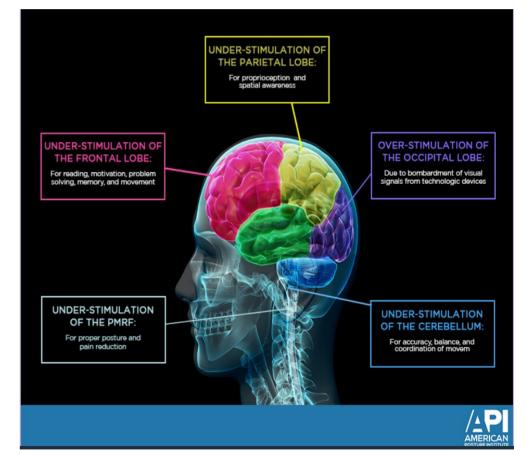
Too much screen time changes the way children's brains work - recent studies of excessive screen time users show significant differences in cognition, psychosocial behavior and brain structure.



Screen time



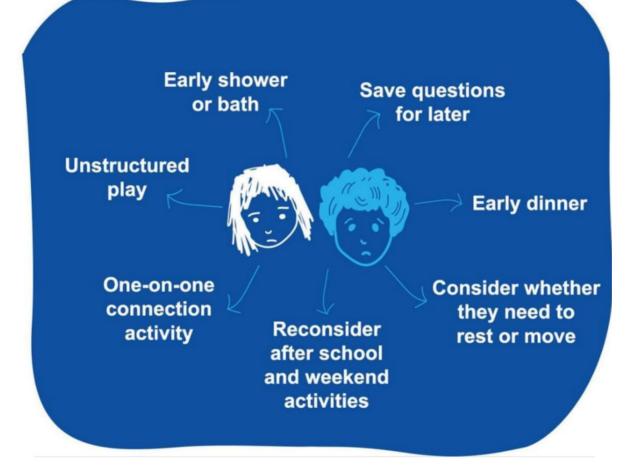






Strategies for preventing an after school meltdown



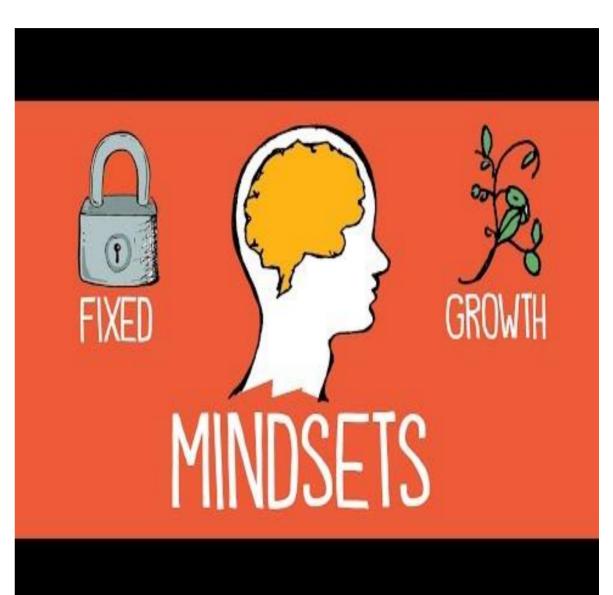




Growth Mindset



- Whole school approach
- Training your brain
- Neuroplasticity elastic
 brain
- Covered in PD first term
- Resilience
- Assembly badges









How can I implement this at home? The power of 'yet'



DEVELOPING A GROWTH MINDSET

INSTEAD OF	TRY THINKING			
I'm not good at this	What am I missing?			
I give up	I'll use a different strategy			
It's good enough	Is this really my best work?			
I can't make this any better	I can always improve			
This is too hard	This may take some time			
I made a mistake	Mistakes help me to learn			
I just can't do this	I am going to train my brain			
I'll never be that smart	I will learn how to do this			
Plan A didn't work	There's always Plan B			
My friend can do it	I will learn from them			





Science: Weather & Seasons Art: Fine Motor Skills (Linked to Science Unit)

History: Families



Understanding how the Literacy Progressions work

Explore the learning progression elements





Understanding how the Literacy Progressions work

Explore the learning progression elements



Listening description

This sub-element describes how a student becomes increasingly proficient at building meaning from a variety of spoken and audio texts. It includes active listening processes to access and understand the increasingly sophisticated language structures of spoken texts for audiences and purposes specific to learning area requirements.

Show more √

LiS1

· distinguishes between sounds made with instruments

· distinguishes between sounds in the environment

LiS2

- · responds to spoken texts (uses facial expressions, movements, turns towards the speaker)
- · responds to short phrases relying on key words, tone of voice and intonation
- · follows a simple command
- · recognises and generates one-syllable rhyming words (see Phonological awareness)
- · repeats familiar words heard in a text or conversation

LiS3

- · listens actively to short texts consisting of a few sentences
- · recalls one or two ideas
- responds to simple statements, commands or questions
- uses a small range of listening strategies (asking what, when, why questions about a text they have listened to)
- discriminates individual words in a short, spoken sentence
- identifies familiar objects and actions heard in a text (the chicken ate the bug)

Understanding how the Numeracy BW Progressions work

What is numeracy?

Numeracy is fundamental to a student's ability to learn at school and to engage productively in society.

Read More >>

What is the focus of the numeracy progression?

Numeracy development influences student success in many areas of learning at school. The progression can be used to support students to successfully engage with the numeracy demands of the Foundation to Year 10 Australian Curriculum.

Read More >>

How is the numeracy progression structured?

The National Numeracy Learning Progression has three elements that reflect aspects of numeracy development necessary for successful learners of the F–10 Australian Curriculum and in everyday life.

Read More >>

How is the numeracy progression related to the Australian Curriculum?

Numeracy skills are explicit teaching in the Australian Curriculum: Mathematics. Students need opportunities to recognise that mathematics is constantly used outside the mathematics classroom and that numerate people apply general mathematical skills in a wide range of familiar and unfamiliar situations.

Read More >>

Explore the learning progression elements

Number sense and algebra Measurement and geometry Statistics and probability

How can the numeracy progression be used?

The National Numeracy Learning Progression can be used at a whole school, team or individual teacher level. However, the progression provides maximum student learning benefits when used as part of a whole-school strategy that involves professional learning and collaboration between teachers.

Read More >>

Numeracy learning area advice

Read More >>

PDF documents

Read More >>

Glossary

Read More >>



Best Start Assessment -Literacy

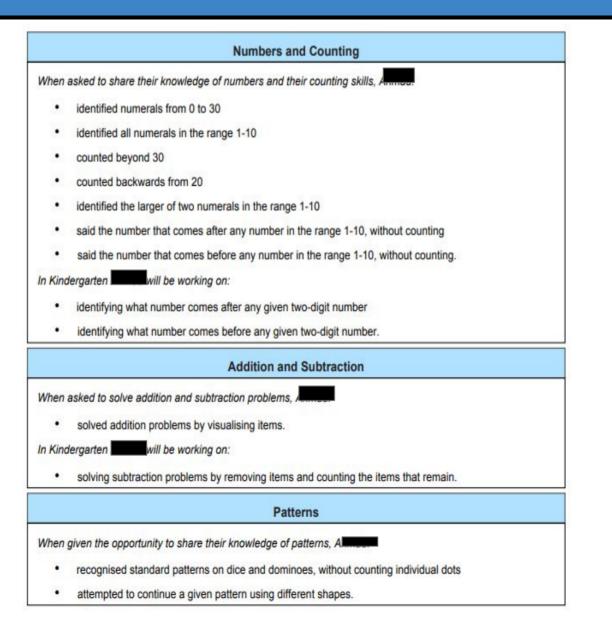


	Speaking and Listening				
When	asked to express their opinions and share their thoughts,				
 listened during a conversation and took turns as a speaker and listener 					
elaborated on ideas					
•	used detailed sentences and phrases when speaking				
•	spoke clearly and audibly.				
	Reading				
When	asked to think about sounds and letters, shown different pictures and a book,				
•	said some of the most common sounds represented by single letters of the alphabet				
•	recognised letters that are the same across different words				
•	listened and clapped syllables in words				
•	listened and said words that rhyme				
٠	held the book the right way up and turned the pages correctly.				
In Kind	dergarten June will be working on:				
•	hearing and saying words that have the same beginning sound				
•	hearing and saying the separate sounds in simple words				
•	reading common words in the environment.				
	Writing				
When	given the opportunity to write,				
•	wrote own name.				
In Kind	dergarten will be working on:				
٠	writing a simple sentence with a capital letter and full stop.				



Best Start Assessment -Numeracy





Jolly Phonics Program



- Teaches children to read and write
- Synthetic phonics, taught explicitly
- multi-sensory, with fun actions and songs

<u>Covers:</u>

- Learning letter sounds 3 a week
- Letter formation
- Blending
- Segmenting
- Tricky words





Jolly Phonics Actions

Jolly Phonics Actions Chart



s, a, t, i, p, n
 c k, e, h, r, m, d
 g, o, u, l, f, b
 ai, j, oa, ie, ee, or
 z, w, ng, v, oo, oo
 y, x, ch, sh, th, th
 qu, ou, oi, ue, er, ar



Tricky Words





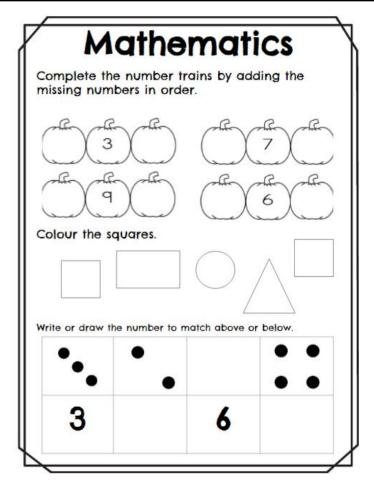


Homework



 ,*	C	C	C	C	C	C	C	-
	K	K	K		522			The second
 	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Ê	Ê	Ê	S22	P
	<i>[]</i>	<u> </u>	<i>[]</i>	ķ		. [. 6
	: :							
icky	wor	ds - Lo	o <mark>ok, so</mark>		,	write	and	cheo
icky	i i wor	i i ds – Lo Monday			ver,	; ; write ^{ednesday}		
icky	wor			iy, co	ver,			
: icky 1 the				iy, co	ver,			
I				iy, co	ver,			
l the				iy, co	ver,			d Chec
l the to				iy, co	ver,			

- Revision of previous week.
- Handed out on Monday.





Homework -Reading log

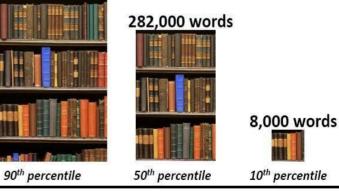


Kindergarten Home Reading Record Term 1 2019

Day	Title of Book	Parent's Signature
Monday		
Tuesday		
Wednesday		
Thursday		
Teacher:		
Monday		
Tuesday		
Tuesday Wednesday Thursday		

Why Can't I Skip My 20 Minutes of Reading Tonight?

Student "A"	Student "B"	Student "C"
reads 20 minutes	reads 5 minutes	reads 1 minute
each day	each day	each day
3600 minutes in	900 minutes in	180 minutes in
a school year	a school year	a school year
1,800,000 words		



By the end of 6th grade Student "A" will have read the equivalent of 60 whole school days. Student "B" will have read only 12 school days. Which student would you expect to have a better vocabulary? Which student would you expect to be more successful in school...and in life? (Nagy & Herman, 1987)



B Home Reading Program



Level 1





Home Reading Program

Level 10

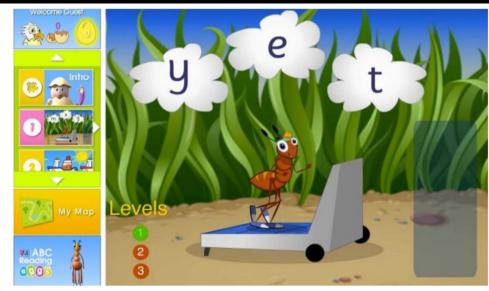


Dilly Duck said to Dally Duck, "Let's play in the puddles, today." The two little ducks ran down the hill.



Reading Resources











Maths Resources







Be interested

- Sense of urgency
- Consistency

Speech

"The best gift or thing you can give to your child to help with their language development is YOU. Your TIME, DEDICATION, ATTENTION, FOLLOW THROUGH, CONSISTENCY, is going to be the thing that makes the most difference."

SHEGOTGUTS.COM



Over to you....



Any questions ?







REMEMBER: we are always happy to have a chat and answer any questions.

Mrs Benson, Ms Dixon, Miss Harb and Ms Goodman

